## Ecological Renovation

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## WHAT IS WORST SITE IN YOUR COMMUNITY?

CAN IT BE
MANAGED TO
RECOVER
VALUES /
BENEFITS ?

#### RENOVATE!

#### RESTORATION

(bring back to previous)

VS.

#### RENOVATION

(bring up to usable)

#### UNDERSTANDINGS

#### 6 LIFE LESSONS

## STEPS FOR CHANGE

#### FREE PUB.

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## Ecological Renovation In Communities

(revised).
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#### <u>Understandings</u>

#### Connections Concentration Collapse **EMUs & Ecoplex** Assessment Renovation

#### LESSON 1: CONNECTIONS

fastenersfor parts

velocity / acceleration

- rate of change

# IT'S ALL ABOUT

CONNECTIONS

(ECO-CONNECTIONS)

#### Places We Live, Play, Work

# Connected To Natural Life Support Processes

# But .... We Cleanse

### Sterilize

Environment

#### Connections with other life & sustaining processes

Diminish

## Ecological Processes

### Become Strained Damaged

#### ADDICTED

### To Hardscape Systems

#### SEPARATE

Us From Ecological Support

# Urban / Suburban Population's Perceptions

individual parts of ecosystem

nature walks, environmental education, ecological trainings, ordinances

natural systems many parts in bag called "environment"

## Community Natural Resource Management

important ecological functions NOT parts nor bag

#### Connections Between Parts must be inventoried, measured & affected by management

#### Connections Between Parts determine future values, changes & management needs

### 

state of something

rate of change

#### WHEN a State is Measured

## Measures Represent The Past

always managing resources a few steps behind reality

(Always playing catch-up)

#### Communities must deal with dynamic & chaotic change

change is only certain thing in ecological system

### enance powers system, NOT static parts or things

#### LESSON 2: CONCENTRATION

consolidation of energy / resource web

- shortening connections

- main-lining community inputs

#### Our Lives Bound Tightly To Accessible Essential Resources

## Interconnections With Ecological Framework

supplanted by artificial resource concentration & delivery systems

#### Resources Concentrated & Delivered Into Community Infrastructures

ecological connection lines woven, wrapped, & bundled together

(supporting cloth or cables)

## Loss Equation R = 1 / I<sup>2</sup>

## Resource Concentration (R)

Inter-Connections
(I)

#### Loss Equation

Resource Concentration 2X in our support

Interconnections with ecosystems diminish by 4X

R = 1/1

Communities Isolated From Ecosystem Functions by fewer but more important resource concentration nes

Fewer, Concentrated, Connections prone to chaotic failures & system disruptions

(catastrophic results!)

#### Few Biological Units Survive & Thrive Under These Conditions

(except humans, pets & pests)

geometry & engineering of resource concentration structures in communities

limit extent, access, & potential of ecological islands

## ecological islands

mired & isolated within a dead, dry, hot, hardscape matrix

few life inputs

#### ecological corridors

height, width, length, diversity, & soil surface

limited resources &

large resistance to transmission

easily blocked

Livability In Communities Come At GREAT Ecological Costs & Potential Liability Problems

#### **Community Development**

- <u>shorten</u> ecological connections

- <u>hide</u> resource concentration infrastructures

- attain short-term reduction in human psychological stress & physical needs

## Use Technology To Keep Ecological Systems Away From Equilibrium

(some will have quality of life)

## LESSON 3: COLLAPSE

ecosystemvolume loss

- strained / dysfunctional

exhausted / declining

- system extinction

## Ecosystems

Broken Into,
Used, Exhausted,
& Cast-off
(abuse / neglect)

like old worn-out clothes where simple cleaning or time in closet will not change remaining values

# Ecosystem Productivity & Sustainability

depend upon maintenance of proper structure & function

## Systems Declining & Exhausted From Long Or Overburdened Use

can NOT be made new again

## Renovation

- a restarting process -

Concentrate On Causes Of Problems NOT Reacting to Symptoms

# Many Current Reaction-Based Management Systems

prone to adversarial approaches to environment

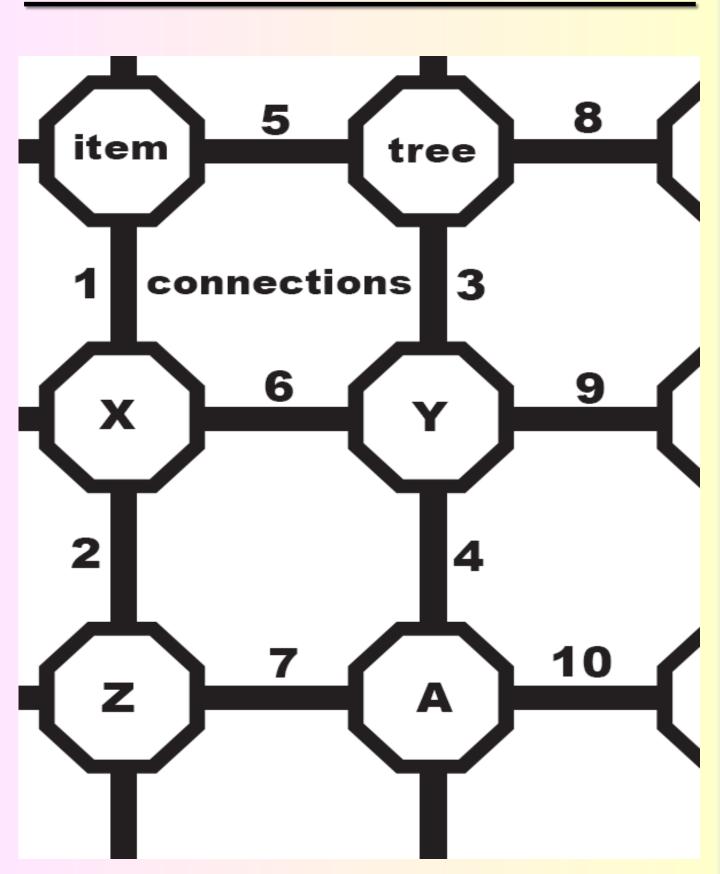
informed consensus & proactive ecological investments is alternative

### TEXTILE MODEL

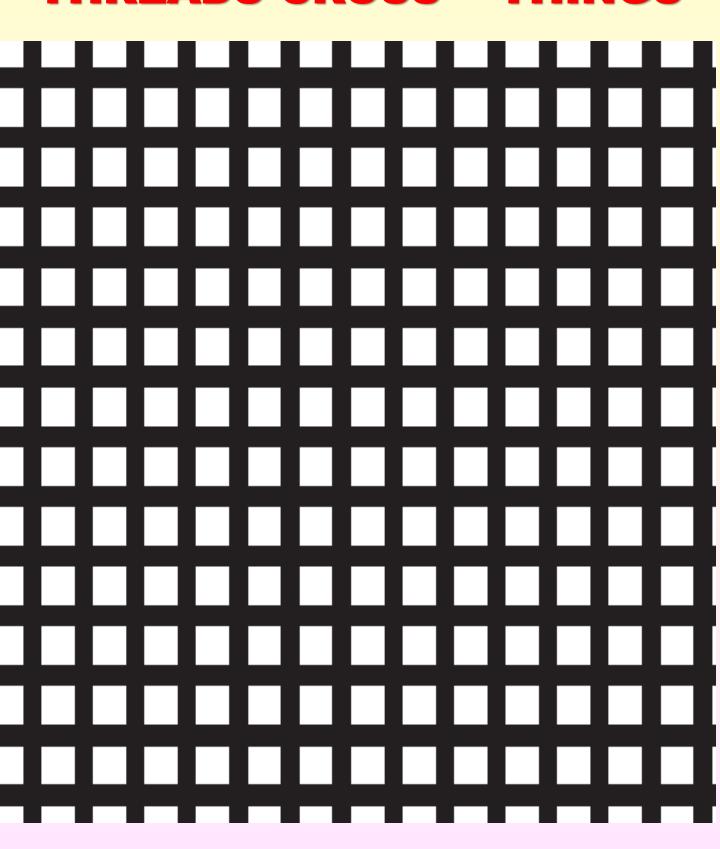
**2D vision of 4D structure** 

visualize ecological system declining, exhaustion, & becoming extinct

### TEXTILE MODEL



### THREADS = CONNECTIONS THREADS CROSS = THINGS

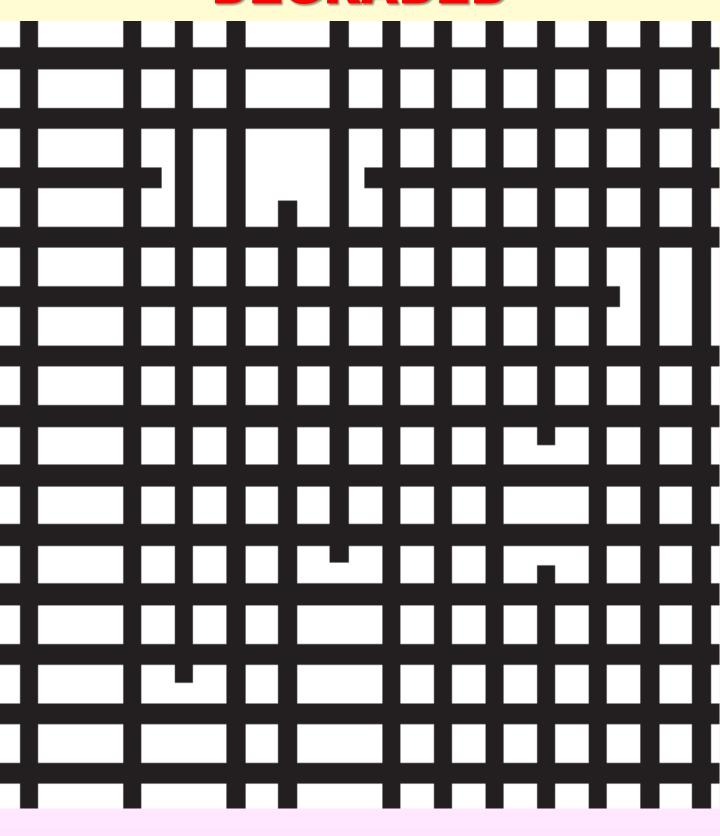


# TEXTILE MODEL Most Threads Held Tight By Interconnections

Under Stress
Cloth
(both connections & things)
Stretched & Pulled

All Threads
Provide Strength

## ECOSYSTEM SLIGHTLY DEGRADED

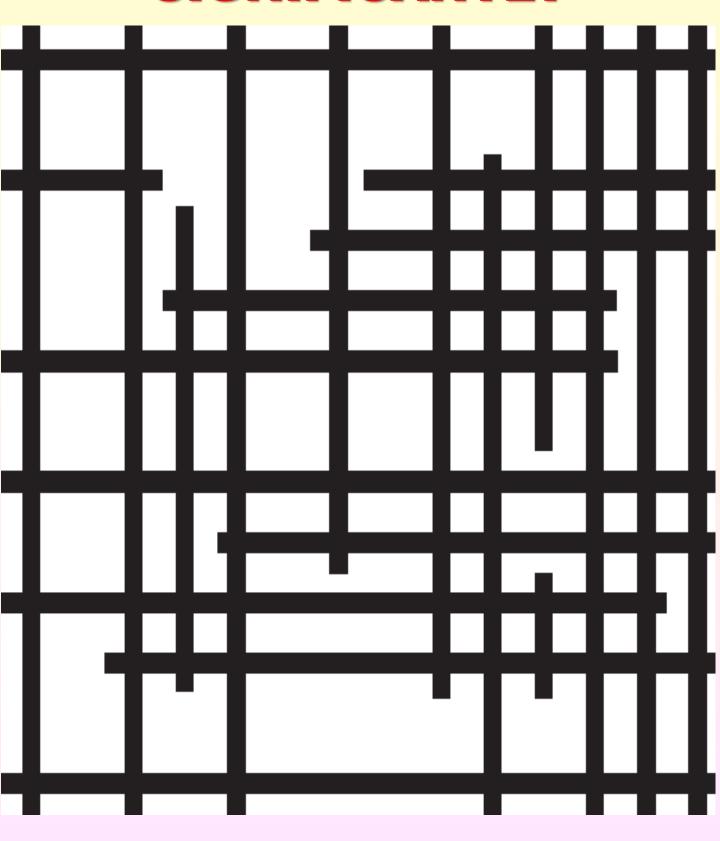


### TEXTILE MODEL

# Functions & Values Generated By Entire Cloth

remain nearly the same for some time

## ECOSYSTEM DEGRADED SIGNIFICANTLY



### TEXTILE MODEL

# Change Becomes More Than Realignment & Reorganization

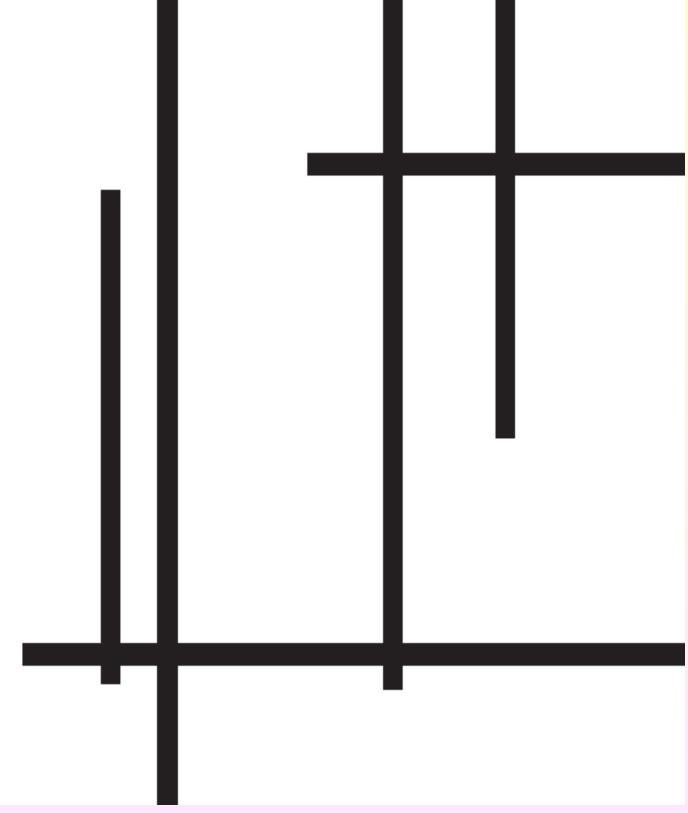
Change Brings
Loss of
Connections
& Connection
Points

# Threads Broken & Pulled Out

lines of connections disrupted

whole cloth diminished

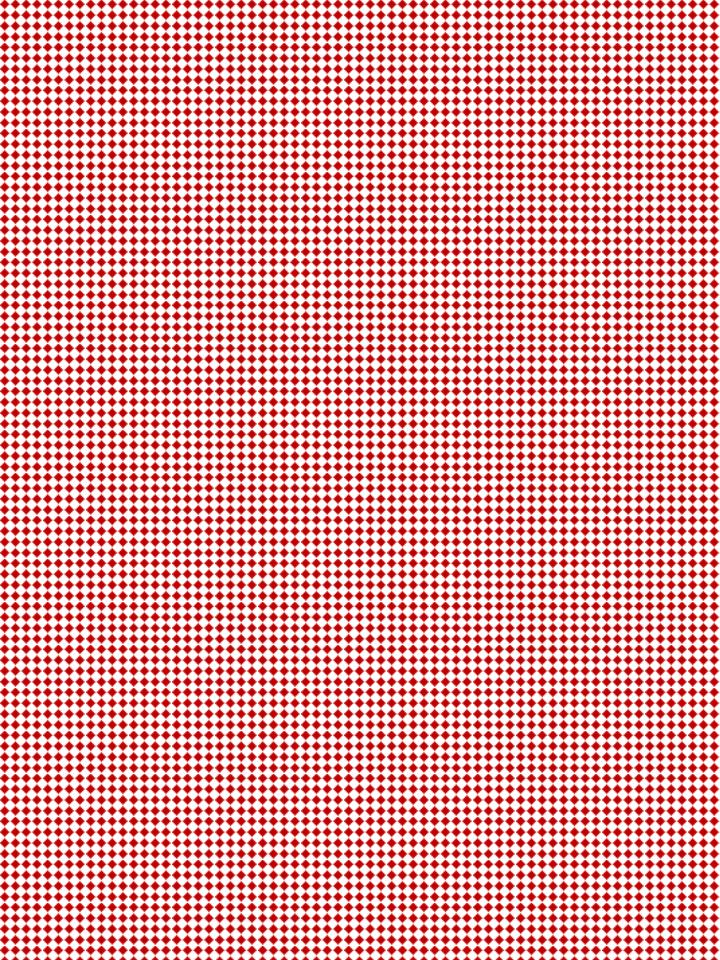
# ECOSYSTEM EXHAUSTED & DESTROYED



ecological systems devolve with development pressure

pathway to decline & exhaustion different than reverse path to recovery

not <u>adding</u> interchangeable parts, but <u>adjusting</u> connectivity



# LESSON 4: ECOLOGICAL MANAGEMENT UNITS (EMUs)

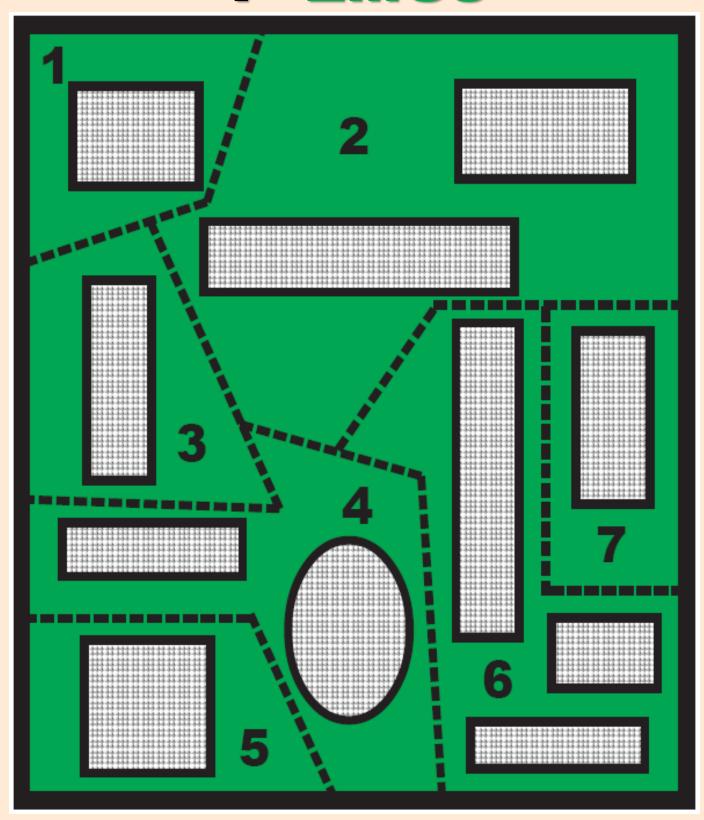
- edges, boundaries & size

-managed places

# Ecological Management Units (EMUs)

## comprise ECOPLEX

# ECOPLEX WITH 7 EMUs



# URBAN ECOPLEX

-multiple EMUs

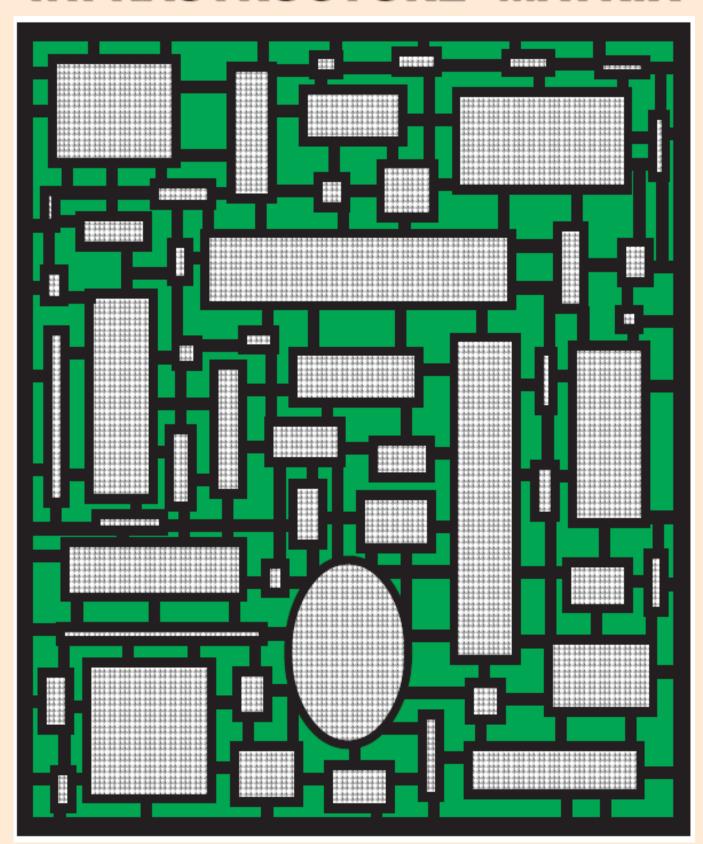
-defined features

## **ECOPLEX**

= interwoven houses

human defined, area-limited, relatively structured, homogenous area of dynamic matter & energy interchanges between / among biological & non-biological components

## ECOPLEX -- LIGHT INFRASTRUCTURE MATRIX



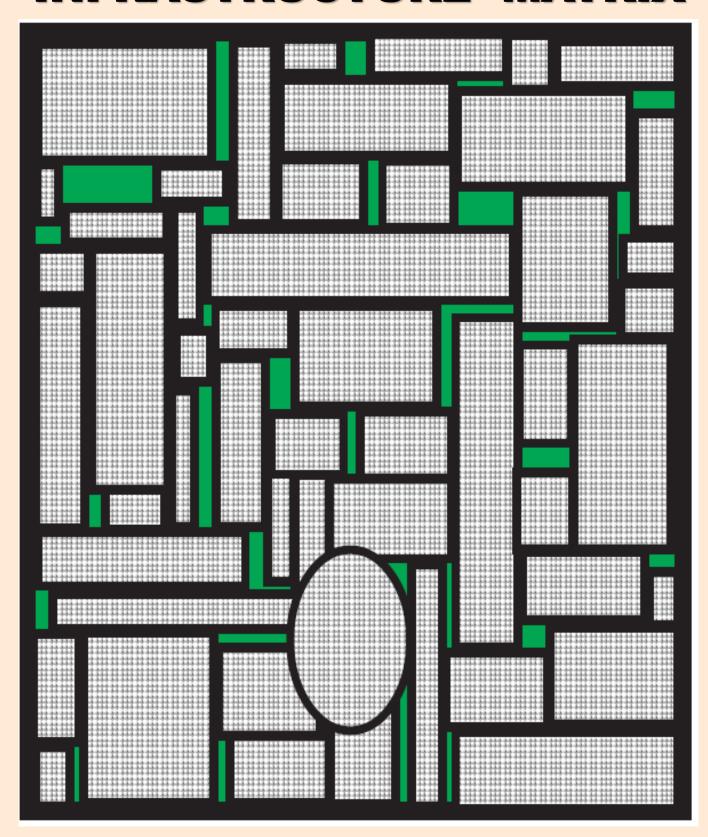
## renovation

# every site (EMU) different

social context ecological context damage level

### **ECOPLEX**

#### INFRASTRUCTURE MATRIX



## CHANGE

# myriad of interconnected & interacting processes

appreciate each individual process & its limits or boundaries

## LESSON 5: ASSESSMENT

counting,measuring,observing

 what is present / what is missing

- change NOT state

## Damaged / Exhausted EMU / Ecoplex Assessment Outline

- 1) Definition, delineation & representation.
- 2) Size appreciation is it big enough?
- 3) Spatial (Space) appreciation interconnectivity / fragmentation / integrity.

4) Diversity — genetic, species, habitats.

- 5) Time.
- 6) Disturbance type, intensity, & timing.

- 7) Cycles & Processes
   recovery of
  historic & low
  maintenance
  cycling systems.
- 8) Ecological fuel biological legacies.
- 9) Management dedication—
  resolve to accept change.

## 10) Principle means of renovating ecoplex:

A. Succession processes reinstitution

B. Disturbance regimes reinstitution

# 10C. <u>Genetic</u> <u>Resources</u> <u>Enrichment</u>

- 1. retrieve "key" organisms (native!)= trees, ground covers, fungi, arthropods, worms
- 2. move toward "modified" native systems

### 10D. <u>Site Resources</u> <u>Improvements</u>

- 1. organic matter (soil & litter)
- 2. soil exchange capacity
- 3. continued soil genesis & health (pore space conservation)
- 4. water availability
- 5. nitrogen availability (cycling)
- 6. light tuning (shade management & light extinction factors)

#### **Ecoplex Assessment Checklist**

## 10E. <u>Minimizing</u> Stress

- 1. contain / eliminate heavy metals & other damaging legacies
- 2. control pollution
- 3. control heat
- 4. control exotics
- 5. physically protect site from mechanical & chemical damage
- 6. control oxygen availability & water drainage trade-offs

## ASSESSMENT

HOW WILL YOU CHANGE / MODIFY WHAT IS PRESENT!

### MANAGEMENT

natural systems
messy, unkempt,
& chaotic -multiple endpoints,
same inputs

accept dynamic change & incomplete resource data in decision-making process

## LESSON 6: RENOVATION ACTIVITIES

## PROBLEMS & APPROPRIATE RESPONSE

## -continuous change / modify response

-no "treat & wait" for response

-not one size fits all

#### Major Urban Ecological Problems

- #1) Hard surface increases
- #2) Decline in total ecologically active volume
- #3) Changes in past & current ecosystem functions / processes

#### Major Urban Ecological Problems

#### **#1) Hard surface increases**

more non-evaporative / non-infiltrating surfaces,
more concentrated water flows
higher water velocity flows / larger volumes
shorter water pulse rates
more erosion
less biologically available water
greater heat generation
wider fluctuations in heat / humidity

### #2) Decline in total ecologically active volume

more surface area per volume (more edge effect)
more isolated islands / narrower corridors
greater distances across hardscapes
less open soil surfaces
smaller number of biologic energy capture systems
less eco-diversity / less connectively

### #3) Changes in past & current ecosystem functions / processes

disruption & destruction of ecological processes large scale intense disturbances inadequate mitigation & renovation inadequate resources provided essential resources removed or destroyed

#### Appropriate Response

#### **#1 Hard Surface Increase**

develop more active evaporating surfaces
more canopy volume
more crown coverage
more low density organic mulching
more soil infiltration areas
more shade structures
more shading or blanketing of hard surfaces.

#### **#2 Loss of Ecological Volume**

develop more canopy coverage
correct soil limitations
more biologically active volume
larger areas of soil & organisms conserved
more readily usable organic materials on soils
help reconnect system components

#### **#3 Loss of Ecosystem Functions**

improve soil health
(aeration, organic matter, no erosion, etc.)
careful water conservation & use
develop more biological volume
(open soil surface areas, plant canopies,
more composted organic material covered
with low density organic mulch, etc.)
conserve & enrich ecological diversity
keep essential resources on-site

## RENOVATION PROGRAM

-restart, accelerate or broaden ecological processes -enrich / maintain biological units -conserve life-essential resources

## Checklist of Ecoplex Renovation Activities

Treatments

8

## habitats

- minimize fragmenting
- assure strong connectivity
- generate wider, full height corridors & larger natural islands
- generate less edge
   effect & more
   ecological volume



- produce variable living tree densities (patches)
- develop multi-age classes
- cultivate multi-species (natives)
- advocate proper plantings & seedings
- facilitate general revegetation at all levels
- install maintenance program

## organics

- leave organics,
   stumps, large woody
   debris, roots, slash,
   & leaves on-site
- leave snags & deadwood
- bring in composted organic matter under mulch blankets

## soil / water

- protect / renovate wetlands & buffers
- protect / renovate streams (beds, banks, & cover)
   & buffers
- manage surface & ground water quality (control nutrient loads, heat, pollution)
- protect soil fertility& health
- prescribe soil biological enrichment

## <u>stress</u> management

- develop "appropriate response use" of pesticides (minimize)
- use Plant Health Care principles
- maintain ecological health & structure
- maintain individual health & structure

## survival

- manipulate disturbance (including pocket fires, patch clearing, & flooding)
- manage genetic
   diversity & genetic
   integrity (natives)

## site control

- erosion control
- water runoff control
- fencing & access
- fire control & prescribed burning
- weed control / exotics control

## ecologically literate management

- pick appropriate size,
   scale & time frames
- assure continued
   assessment &
   monitoring of
   resources and site
- develop & follow flexible management

## Ecosystem Sustainability Test

- A. Viable native populations
- B. Biotic/abiotic interactions with normally distributed variation
- C. Facilitation of ecological processes
- D. Long periods of time (at least 3 human generations)
- E. Accommodate human use & occupancy

#### -- REMEMBER --

renovation is for individual quality of life & community sustainability / livability

NOT

museum-like preservation of resources

## GLU-50/5

## Active Management essential for community sustainability & livability

## for any site -

a number of simple, low cost treatments can begin a renovation process

# SO... BEGIN

# WAITING KILLS SYSTEMS

treatments must be cost-effective for a given management plan

BUT

they must halt / reverse EMU & ecoplex decline & exhaustion

## RENOVATION destination

JOURNEY
(utilizing ecological fundamentals)

## KBBP RENOVATE ONI

plant, care, change